



# Payments for Environmental Services (PES): A contribution to the Costa Rica s economy

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#### **General Data**

✓ <u>Total Area</u>: 51,100 km<sup>2</sup>

✓ <u>Population</u>: 4,7 million

✓ 5% of the planet's biodiversity

✓ 70% land for forestry

 ✓ <u>Main activities</u>
✓ Tourism (2 millions/year)

✓ 30% of the territory is in the state hands and the rest is private property

 Environmental issues are incorporated in the government policy





#### Legal Frame

✓ National Constitution (art. 50), legal provision to safeguard the right of people to enjoy a healthy and balanced environment.

✓ The 90's, change in the environmental sector in Costa Rica:

- New laws to protect and conserve natural resources.
- Creation of institutions that strengthen the forestry sector.

 ✓ Global initiatives: Rio Declaration on Environment and Development, 21 Agenda, United Nations Framework Convention for Climate Change, Kyoto Protocol y, more recently, the Millennium goals, Johannesburgo Summit, COP.

✓ Ratify regional agreements: Regional Agreement for the management and conservation of natural forest ecosystems and forest plantation development.



#### Legal Frame

#### Forestry Law N° 7575, 1996

- Art 46, FONAFIFO's creation.
- □ Art 47, FONAFIFO's patrimony.
- Art 69, Financing sources.
- Art 3, paragraph k. Environmental Services:

Greenhouse gases mitigation

Water Protection

Biodiversity Protection

Scenic Beauty



#### PES Institutional Framework







## **PES Financing sources**



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# **PES Financing sources**





# **PES important Results**

- $\rightarrow$  17,000 families benefited from the PES Program during the period 1997-2018.
- $\rightarrow$  The Program has contributed to maintaining and recovering the forest cover of the country.
- $\rightarrow$  1.2 million hectares under PES contracts: 90% Forest Protection, 6% forest plantations, 3% forests that were managed, 1% in regeneration.
- $\rightarrow$  7,090,357 trees formalized in agroforestry systems.
- $\rightarrow$  Indigenous territories with special conditions for their entry. The PES promotes the participation of this communities in the protection of forests
- $\rightarrow$  Increase in the participation of women, mainly in Agroforestry projects.
- → Accumulated investment of more than \$ 600 million dollars (approximately \$ 30 million / year), distributed in rural areas.
- → About 3000 hectares under contracts remain in annual management



## **Beneficiaries**



# PES in Indigenous territories 1997-2018



# Lessons learned

- ✓ The PES Program is very dynamic due to external conditions and the financiers, ability to adapt.
- ✓ PES is an effective tool to stop illegal logging and land use change.
- ✓ The alliances with the Private Company, Public Institutions or International Entities in areas of common interest, reduces the investment cost of the State.
- ✓ The impacts of the PES Program must be measured.









# Environmental accounts

The Central Bank of Costa Rica, recognizing the contribution of natural resources to the economy and the country's sustainable development, created the Environmental Statistics Area in order to:

Strengthen and update existing environmental accounts

Develop other environmental accounts useful for the macroeconomic analysis of the country

i.

ii.

iii.

Contribute to economic research and the process of modeling.



#### Currently, the Central Bank produces three environmental accounts for Costa Rica:









### For more information visit:

http://www.fonafifo.go.cr/

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#### Thank you Eng.Catalina Esquivel Vargas cesquivel@fonafifo.go.cr